

Safe Food Handling for Picnics, Outdoor Parties, and Grilling

Foodborne Illness (food poisoning)

occurs when food or beverages are contaminated by a disease causing pathogen (bacteria, virus, or parasite), toxin or chemical. Common symptoms are nausea, vomiting, abdominal cramps, fever, and diarrhea.

If you become ill with these symptoms you should see your doctor and have your stool tested for infection.

For more information contact your local health department:

Caroline: (804)-633-5465 King George: (540)-775-3111 Fredericksburg: (540)-899-4796 Spotsylvania: (540)-507-7386 Stafford: (540)-288-9239



Prevent food poisoning:

- ◆ **Always wash your hands** before making food or eating. Handwashing is the best way to stop the spread of germs from your hands to the food being served to family and friends.
- ◆ **Do not cross contaminate.** Always separate your raw foods from your prepared foods and wash utensils used to handle raw meat thoroughly.
- Never keep food at room temperature. Cold foods should be kept at a minimum of 41°F or cooler and hot food kept hot at 135°F or higher.
- Keep track of time. Do not allow the cooked or prepared food to be left out for more than 4 hours.
- Cook food to their proper temperatures. Here are some guidelines to cooking to minimum internal temperatures:
 - ♦ Poultry, stews ,casseroles, and reheated leftovers- 165°F
 - ♦ Ground meat- 155°F
 - In shell eggs, fish, shellfish, whole beef, whole pork, and whole lamb-145°F

Keep your food safe:

- Use ice and coolers to help keep cold foods cold and use thermal bags to keep hot foods hot
- ♦ Any food left at a picnic should be able to be refrigerated within 2 hours. If it has been longer, do not risk it −throw it away.
- Buy a food thermometer to keep track of the temperature of the food being cooked and left out to eat.
- ◆ Label food with the time it was set out so you know when to throw it away (remember after four hours it cannot be served again).

